

Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CO-ORDINATED SCIENCES

0654/23

Paper 2 Multiple Choice (Extended)

October/November 2020

45 minutes

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

INSTRUCTIONS

• There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions.

- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do not use correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.

This document has 16 pages. Blank pages are indicated.

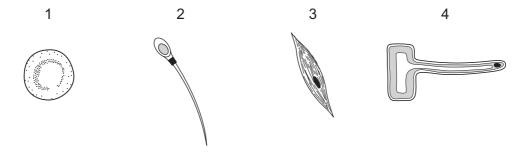
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[Turn over

| 1 | What is not | a characteristic | of all living | organisms? |
|---|--------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|
|---|--------------------|------------------|---------------|------------|

- A excretion
- **B** growth
- **C** photosynthesis
- **D** sensitivity
- 2 The diagrams show four different cells found in living organisms.



Which cell types have a large surface area for diffusion?

- **A** 1 and 2
- **B** 1 and 4
- **C** 2 and 3
- **D** 3 and 4
- 3 What colour does Benedict's solution change to when heated with a reducing sugar?
 - **A** blue
 - B blue-black
 - **C** orange
 - **D** purple

4 A mixture of starch and saliva was set up at four different temperatures. Each mixture was tested with iodine solution after 15 minutes and again after 30 minutes.

The results are shown in the table.

| temperature | colour with iodine solution | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|------------|--|--|
| /°C | 15 minutes | 30 minutes | | |
| 0 | blue-black | blue-black | | |
| 15 | blue-black | brown | | |
| 35 | brown | brown | | |
| 95 | blue-black | blue-black | | |

What do the results suggest?

- **A** The enzyme in saliva is inactive at 95 °C.
- **B** The enzyme in saliva is slow to work at 35 °C.
- **C** The enzyme in saliva works equally well at 15 °C and 35 °C.
- **D** The enzyme in saliva works faster at higher temperatures.
- 5 What is the effect of nitrate ion deficiency on plants?

| | leaf colour | growth |
|---|-------------|--------|
| Α | green | good |
| В | green | poor |
| С | yellow | good |
| D | yellow | poor |

6 Much of the internal surface of the human small intestine is covered with villi.

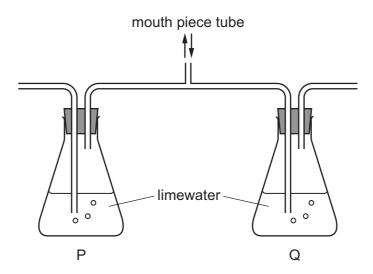
What is the function of villi?

- A excretion of waste into the intestine
- **B** secretion of enzymes into the intestine
- **C** to improve blood circulation in the intestine walls
- **D** to increase the internal surface area of the intestine

7 Under which conditions will transpiration from a plant be fastest?

| | temperature | humidity |
|---|-------------|----------|
| Α | high | high |
| В | high | low |
| С | low | high |
| D | low | low |

8 A student breathed gently in and out of the mouth piece of the apparatus shown.



What were the results after 10 breaths?

| | Р | Q |
|---|-------|-------|
| Α | clear | clear |
| В | clear | milky |
| С | milky | clear |
| D | milky | milky |

9 During an experiment, auxin is applied to one side of a shoot just behind the tip.

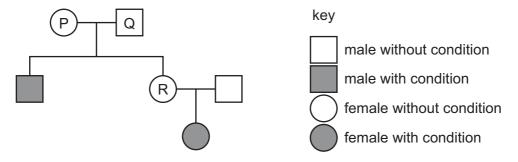
What will this stimulate?

- A decreased cell elongation in all cells
- **B** decreased cell elongation on the side with extra auxin
- **C** increased cell elongation in all cells
- **D** increased cell elongation on the side with extra auxin

10 In human reproduction, which cells are haploid?

| | gametes | zygotes |
|---|---------|---------|
| Α | ✓ | ✓ |
| В | ✓ | X |
| С | X | ✓ |
| D | x | X |

11 The pedigree diagram shows the inheritance of a recessive condition.



Which statements are correct with reference to this condition?

- 1 P and Q are both heterozygous for the condition.
- 2 Q and R have different genotypes.
- 3 P and R have the same genotype.
- **A** 1 and 2 only **B** 1 and 3 only **C** 2 and 3 only **D** 1, 2 and 3
- 12 What is the name given to a unit containing all of the organisms and their environment interacting together in a given area?
 - A ecosystem
 - B food chain
 - C food web
 - **D** trophic level
- 13 Which row about some of the stages of eutrophication is correct?

| | growth of producers | growth of decomposers | respiration of decomposers | concentration of dissolved oxygen |
|---|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Α | decreases | increases | decreases | increases |
| В | decreases | decreases | increases | increases |
| С | increases | decreases | decreases | decreases |
| D | increases | increases | increases | decreases |

14 A mixture of solid sulfur and solid sodium chloride is added to water and stirred.

Sulfur is insoluble in water.

Sodium chloride is soluble in water.

Which processes are used to obtain pure sodium chloride from the mixture?

- A distillation then chromatography
- B distillation then crystallisation
- **C** filtration then chromatography
- **D** filtration then crystallisation
- **15** Which sample contains the most molecules?
 - **A** 16 dm³ CH₄
 - **B** $28 \, \text{dm}^3 \, \text{C}_2 \text{H}_4$
 - C 16g CH₄
 - **D** $28g C_2H_4$
- 16 Which row describes what happens at the electrodes during electrolysis?

| | at the anode | at the cathode |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Α | negative ions gain electrons | positive ions lose electrons |
| В | negative ions lose electrons | positive ions gain electrons |
| С | positive ions gain electrons | negative ions lose electrons |
| D | positive ions lose electrons | negative ions gain electrons |

- 17 Which process is exothermic?
 - A boiling water
 - B cracking a long chain alkene
 - **C** decomposition of limestone
 - **D** identification of hydrogen using a lit splint

18 Magnesium ribbon is reacted with excess dilute hydrochloric acid at 25 °C.

The experiment is repeated at 45 °C, using the same mass of magnesium and the same volume and concentration of dilute hydrochloric acid.

Which statement explains why the reaction is faster at 45 °C?

- A Collisions between particles at 45 °C are less frequent and fewer colliding particles possess the activation energy.
- **B** Collisions between particles at 45 °C are less frequent and more colliding particles possess the activation energy.
- **C** Collisions between particles at 45 °C are more frequent and fewer colliding particles possess the activation energy.
- **D** Collisions between particles at 45 °C are more frequent and more colliding particles possess the activation energy.
- **19** Which word equation represents a redox reaction?
 - A carbon + copper oxide → copper + carbon dioxide
 - **B** hydrochloric acid + potassium hydroxide → potassium chloride + water
 - C magnesium carbonate → magnesium oxide + carbon dioxide
 - **D** sodium sulfate + barium nitrate → barium sulfate + sodium nitrate
- **20** Salts are made by reacting dilute hydrochloric acid with four substances.
 - 1 magnesium
 - 2 magnesium carbonate
 - 3 magnesium hydroxide
 - 4 magnesium oxide

Which substances produce a gas when reacted with dilute hydrochloric acid?

- **A** 1 and 2
- **B** 1 and 3
- **C** 2 and 4
- **D** 3 and 4
- 21 Which statement about elements in the Periodic Table is correct?
 - **A** The density of the elements in Group I increases up the group.
 - **B** The metallic character of the elements increases across a period from left to right.
 - **C** The number of protons in the atoms of the elements increases across a period from left to right.
 - **D** The reactivity of the elements in Group I decreases down the group.

22 Four metals W, X, Y and Z are added to aqueous solutions of their ions.

The results are shown.

| metal | Y ions | Z ions | W ions | X ions |
|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| W | reaction | reaction | no reaction | reaction |
| X | reaction | reaction | no reaction | no reaction |
| Υ | no reaction | reaction | no reaction | no reaction |
| Z | no reaction | no reaction | no reaction | no reaction |

What is the order of reactivity?

| | least reactive | e | _ → r | most reactive | |
|---|----------------|---|--------------|---------------|--|
| Α | W | Х | Υ | Z | |
| В | W | Υ | X | Z | |
| С | Z | Χ | Υ | W | |
| D | Z | Υ | Х | W | |

- 23 Which process does **not** produce carbon dioxide?
 - A acid reacting with a metal
 - **B** acid reacting with sodium carbonate
 - **C** complete combustion of methane
 - **D** respiration
- 24 The Haber process is used to make ammonia.

Which row shows the conditions used in this process?

| | catalyst | temperature /°C | pressure /atm |
|---|----------|--------------------|------------------|
| Α | Fe | 250 | 450 |
| В | Fe | 450 | 250 |
| С | V_2O_5 | 250 | 450 |
| D | V_2O_5 | 450 | 250 |

| 25 | The | Contact | process | is | used | to | manufacture | sulfuric | acid. |
|----|-----|---------|---------|----|------|----|-------------|----------|-------|
|----|-----|---------|---------|----|------|----|-------------|----------|-------|

Which statement about the Contact process is **not** correct?

- A A nickel catalyst is used.
- **B** Sulfur dioxide reacts with oxygen to form sulfur trioxide.
- **C** Sulfur burns to form sulfur dioxide.
- **D** Sulfur trioxide dissolves in concentrated sulfuric acid to form oleum.
- 26 What reacts with ethene to make ethanol?
 - **A** bromine
 - **B** hydrogen
 - C steam
 - **D** yeast
- **27** Poly(ethene) is made from ethene by the process of addition polymerisation.

Which word describes ethene in this process?

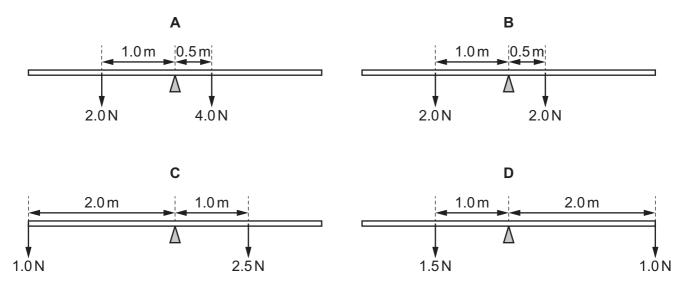
- **A** fuel
- **B** catalyst
- **C** monomer
- **D** solvent
- 28 A concrete block exerts a pressure on the ground.

Which expression is used to calculate the pressure due to the block?

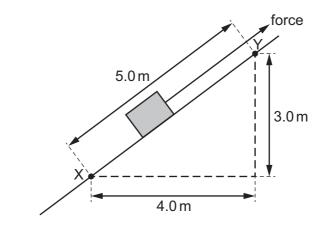
- **A** (mass of block) \times (area of contact with the ground)
- $\mathbf{B} \quad \frac{\text{(mass of block)}}{\text{(area of contact with the ground)}}$
- **C** (weight of block) × (area of contact with the ground)
- D (weight of block)
 (area of contact with the ground)

29 The diagrams show four uniform beams, each supported by a pivot at its centre.

Which diagram shows a beam that is balanced?



30 The diagram shows a box of weight 600 N being pulled up a frictionless slope by a force.



How much work is done against gravity in moving the box from X to Y?

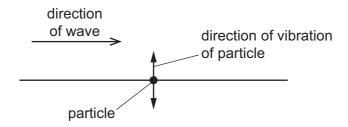
- **A** 600 J
- **B** 1800 J
- C 24000J
- **D** 30000 J

31 Electricity is generated in power stations. Many power stations use steam to drive turbines.

Which type of power station does **not** use steam?

- A chemical energy (fuel) power stations
- **B** geothermal energy power stations
- C hydroelectric energy power stations
- **D** nuclear energy power stations

- **32** Which part of the electromagnetic spectrum is often involved in thermal energy transfer by radiation?
 - A infrared
 - **B** radio
 - **C** ultraviolet
 - **D** X-rays
- **33** The diagram shows the direction of a wave that passes a particle. The particle is made to vibrate by the wave. The direction of vibration of the particle is shown.

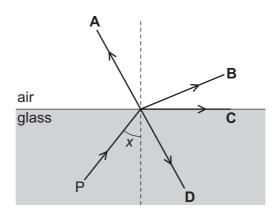


Which row states the type of wave that passes the particle, and gives an example of this type of wave?

| | type of wave | example |
|---|--------------|---------|
| Α | longitudinal | light |
| В | longitudinal | sound |
| С | transverse | light |
| D | transverse | sound |

34 The diagram shows a ray of light travelling in glass from point P. Angle *x* is greater than the critical angle.

In which labelled direction does the ray continue?

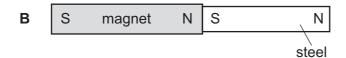


35 In an experiment to investigate induced magnetism, a magnet is brought close to samples of different unmagnetised materials. A student records the results using diagrams.

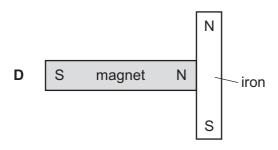
The teacher checks the diagrams and finds that only one result is correctly recorded.

Which result is correctly recorded?









36 The current in an ammeter is 1.5 A.

How much charge passes through the ammeter in one minute?

- **A** 0.025 C
- **B** 1.5 C
- **C** 40 C
- **D** 90 C

37 A heating element in an electric kettle has a resistance of 24Ω .

When the kettle is connected to a 240 V supply, it takes 2.5 minutes to boil some water.

How much energy is used to boil the water?

- **A** 16J
- **B** 960 J
- **C** 6000J
- **D** 360 000 J

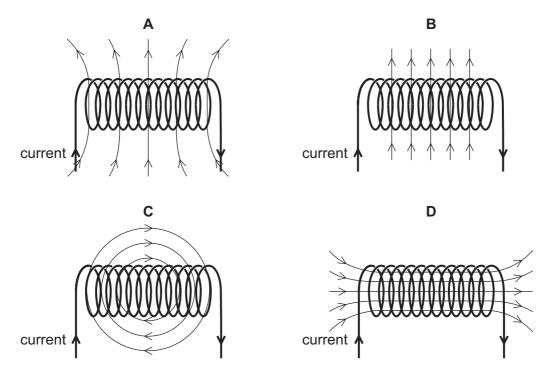
38 Fuses are used in domestic electric circuits.

Which statement about fuses is correct?

- A A fuse is connected in the live wire.
- **B** A fuse is connected in the neutral wire.
- **C** A 3 A fuse produces a current of exactly 3 A in the circuit.
- **D** A 3 A fuse produces a minimum current of 3 A in the circuit.

39 A solenoid carrying a current produces a magnetic field.

Which diagram shows the magnetic field pattern?



- **40** Which type of radiation has the greatest ionising effect?
 - A infrared rays
 - **B** α -particles
 - **C** β -particles
 - **D** γ-rays

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The Periodic Table of Elements

| | = | 2 | ¥ | helium 4 | 10 | Ne | neon 20 | 18 | Ar | argon 40 | 36 | 궃 | krypton 84 | 54 | Xe | xenon 131 | 98 | 牊 | radon | | | |
|--------|----|-----|---|---------------|---------------|--------------|------------------------------|----|------------|------------------|----|----|-----------------|----|----------|------------------|-------|-------------|-----------------|--------|-----------|--------------------|
| | => | | | | 6 | ш | fluorine 19 | 17 | Cl | chlorine 35.5 | 35 | ğ | bromine 80 | 53 | Н | iodine 127 | 85 | Ą | astatine - | | | |
| | > | | | | 8 | 0 | oxygen 16 | 16 | ഗ | sulfur 32 | 34 | Se | selenium 79 | 52 | <u>a</u> | tellurium 128 | 84 | Ъ | moloulum - | 116 | ^ | livermorium - |
| | > | | | | 7 | z | nitrogen 14 | 15 | Ф | phosphorus 31 | 33 | As | arsenic 75 | 51 | Sp | antimony 122 | 83 | <u>B</u> | bismuth 209 | | | |
| | ≥ | | | | 9 | O | carbon 12 | 14 | : <u>S</u> | silicon 28 | 32 | Ge | germanium 73 | 20 | Sn | tin 119 | 82 | Pb | lead 207 | 114 | Εl | flerovium - |
| | ≡ | | | | 2 | Ф | boron 11 | 13 | Ρl | aluminium 27 | 31 | Ga | gallium 70 | 49 | I | indium 115 | 84 | lΤ | thallium 204 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 30 | Zu | zinc 65 | 48 | ည | cadmium 112 | 80 | Нg | mercury 201 | 112 | S | copernicium - |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 29 | Cn | copper 64 | 47 | Ag | silver 108 | 62 | Au | gold 197 | 111 | Rg | roentgenium - |
| Group | | | | | | | | | | | 28 | Z | nickel 59 | 46 | Pd | palladium 106 | 78 | 귙 | platinum 195 | 110 | Ds | darmstadtium - |
| 9 9 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | 27 | ပိ | cobalt 59 | 45 | 格 | rhodium 103 | 77 | Ir | iridium 192 | 109 | ¥ | meitnerium - |
| | | - ; | I | hydrogen 1 | | | | | | | 26 | | iron 56 | | Ru | ruthenium 101 | 9/ | Os | osmium 190 | 108 | Hs | hassium - |
| | | | | | | | | 1 | | | 25 | M | manganese 55 | 43 | ည | technetium - | 75 | Re | rhenium 186 | 107 | Bh | bohrium — |
| | | | | | _ | loq | lass | | | | 24 | ပ် | chromium 52 | 42 | Mo | molybdenum 96 | 74 | ≥ | tungsten 184 | 106 | Sg | seaborgium - |
| | | | | Key | atomic number | atomic symbo | name relative atomic mass | | | | 23 | > | vanadium 51 | 41 | g | niobium 93 | 73 | <u>a</u> | tantalum 181 | 105 | В | dubnium - |
| | | | | | | atc | <u>e</u> | | | | 22 | F | titanium 48 | 40 | Zr | zirconium 91 | 72 | Ξ | hafnium 178 | 104 | ₩ | rutherfordium - |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 21 | Sc | scandium 45 | 39 | > | yttrium 89 | 57-71 | lanthanoids | | 89–103 | actinoids | |
| | = | | | | 4 | Be | beryllium 9 | 12 | Mg | magnesium 24 | 20 | Ca | calcium 40 | 38 | ഗ് | strontium 88 | 99 | Ba | barium 137 | 88 | Ra | radium - |
| | _ | | | | 8 | := | lithium 7 | # | Na | sodium 23 | 19 | × | potassium 39 | 37 | Rb | rubidium 85 | 55 | CS | caesium 133 | 87 | ቷ | francium - |

| 7.1 | Γn | Intetium | 175 | 103 | ۲ | lawrencium | I |
|-----|----|--------------|-----|-----|-----------|--------------|-----|
| | | | | | % | | |
| 69 | H | thulium | 169 | 101 | Md | mendelevium | 1 |
| 89 | щ | erbinm | 167 | 100 | Fm | ferminm | ı |
| 29 | 웃 | holmium | 165 | 66 | Es | einsteinium | - |
| 99 | ۵ | dysprosium | 163 | 86 | ర్ | califomium | Ι |
| 65 | Д | terbium | 159 | 26 | 益 | berkelium | _ |
| 64 | В | gadolinium | 157 | 96 | CB | curium | ı |
| 63 | Ш | europium | 152 | 98 | Am | americium | I |
| 62 | Sm | samarium | 150 | 94 | Pu | plutonium | I |
| 61 | Pm | promethium | 1 | 93 | dΝ | neptunium | _ |
| 09 | PZ | neodymium | 144 | 92 | \supset | uranium | 238 |
| 59 | Ţ | praseodymium | 141 | 91 | Ра | protactinium | 231 |
| 58 | Ce | cerium | 140 | 06 | Ч | thorium | 232 |
| 22 | Гa | lanthanum | 139 | 88 | Ac | actinium | I |

lanthanoids

actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is $24\,\mathrm{dm^3}$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).